EXTRA-LEGAL CONTROL OF HIGH SCHOOL INTERSCHOLASTIC ATHLETICS IN INDIANA

by

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Contributions of the Graduate School Indiana State Teachers College Number 86

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the requirements for the Master of Science Degree in Education 1932
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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The writer is deeply indebted to Professor E. E. Ramsey, Dr. J. R. Shannon, and Professor A. L. Strum, members of the Committee, for valuable suggestions in working out the material in the study. Gratitude is due the Commissioner of the I. H. S. A. A., Mr. A. L. Trester, for the use of his office and the I. H. S. A. A. Handbooks which he so kindly permitted to be used. Gratitude is due Miss Frances Williams, Honey Creek High School, for the reading and correcting of original copy.
THE PROBLEM

This study presents the historical foundation of the I. H. S. A. A. from the period of its founding, 1903, to the present time. Its founders thought and planned well and our schools today are profiting by their labors.

Previous to the organization of the I. H. S. A. A. the activities of the various schools were largely those of the individual schools themselves. There was no central organization and as a result disputes, quarrels, and even fights, occurred. There was no glory in winning contests and games since in the winning there was no feeling of pride coming to the school, as many of the teams had on their membership men who were not even members of the school.

The administration of athletics in the state is placed in the hands of the Board of Control, a body of principals or school men chosen to control by the controlled. Rigid enforcement of the rules and regulations by the various Boards has resulted in the elevating of the Association's activities to the enviable position it at present occupies.

The extensive program in which the member schools are engaged throughout the school year makes it possible for a large number of cases of infraction of the rules to take place. Some rules broken are no doubt due to lack of information on the part of the principal and coach and some, possibly, are due to willfulness on their part. At times the spirit of "win at any price" governs the action of some
The finances of the Association have always been well handled and controlled. Since the employment of a "full-time" Secretary, the balance has grown to the proportions that it enjoys today. This dates from 1922.

Peculiar as it may seem, there have never been any discrepancies or scandals connected with the finances of the I. H. S. A. A. The books, records, statements, checks, holdings, and certified audits through the years are open to the scrutiny of any interested parties. Reports and audits have been printed and distributed regularly.

An effort has been made to classify the various decisions of the Board and cite references so that any person who might be interested may easily inform himself concerning the offence committed, the hearing of the case had, and the decision rendered by the Board, thereby aiding himself in proceeding with the administration of athletic problems within his own school. Lack of information as an excuse for breaking of the rules will then disappear, and the "get by" attitude will be overcome. Then and only then will we have an ideal situation existing.
I. THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE INDIANA HIGH SCHOOL ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION AND ITS FORM OF ORGANIZATION

A. Historical Background

1. First Attempt To Organize. The first attempt to organize the High Schools of Indiana into an organization for the purpose of handling athletic activities was made in a meeting of the Northern Indiana Teachers' Association, held at Richmond, in April, 1903. At this time there was a conference of high school principals and the conference ended with a body of suggested rules and regulations, called the Richmond Agreement. Due to the fact that there was no central organization having executive power, the Richmond Agreement did little more than point the way toward something better.

2. The Second Meeting. Principal J. B. Pearcy of Anderson issued a call for a meeting of high school principals interested in a state athletic organization for December 5, 1903. At this meeting a provisional constitution was adopted.

3. The Third Meeting. A third meeting was held on December 29, 1903 when a final constitution was adopted and a Board of Control of three members was chosen to administer the affairs of the I. H. S. A. A.

4. The First Board of Control. The first Board of Control was made up of Principal George W. Benton, Shortridge High School, Indianapolis; Superintendent Lotus D. Coffman,
Salem; and Principal J. T. Giles, Marion. These men thought and planned well, and we are now enjoying the fruits of their labor.

5. Membership of the Boards of Control. A study of the men who have served on the Board of Control through the years will show that the activities of the I. H. S. A. A. have been in good hands. The titles and addresses are given as they were when the men were Board-of-Control members. A complete list of the several Board members of the I. H. S. A. A. follows:

Principal Geo. W. Benton, Shortridge H. S., Indianapolis.
Superintendent Lotus D. Coffman, Salem.
Principal J. T. Giles, Marion.
Principal C. W. Knouff, Wabash.
Principal E. E. Ramsey, Bloomington.
Superintendent L. N. Hines, Hartford City.
Principal Isaac E. Neff, South Bend.
Principal Arthur L. Trester, Alexandria.
Principal E. W. Montgomery, Mt. Vernon.
Principal C. V. Haworth, Kokomo.
Principal W. A. Denny, Anderson.
Principal F. D. McElroy, Hammond.
Principal R. W. Johnson, Bluffton.
Principal George Reitzel, Brownsburg.
Principal A. L. Elabarger, Waynetown.
Principal R. C. Johnson, Rochester.
Principal Hubert King, Knightstown.
Principal M. J. Abbett, Bedford.
Superintendent James Leffell, Warsaw.
Superintendent C. C. Carson, Pendleton.
Professor K. V. Ammerman, Manual Training High School, Indianapolis.

Professor F. L. Busenburg, Columbus.
Director J. E. Gilroy, Gary.
Superintendent H. B. Allman, Angola.
Principal G. G. Eppley, Francesville.
Principal Elmer Posey, Freelandville.
Superintendent Frank Wallace, Greencastle.
Principal Roy B. Julian, Southport.
Superintendent Lee O. Baird, Muncie.
Principal C. F. Albaugh, LaFontaine.
Coach John Adams, Vincennes.
Principal J. Ord Fortner, West Terre Haute.

Twenty-Eight Years
Superintendent J. Fred Hull, Kentland.
Superintendent Harry Nixon, Portland.
Superintendent B. H. Watt, Owensville.
Principal G. Ray Sharp, Warren.
Superintendent Floyd I. McMurray, Thorntown.
Principal L. S. Martin, Muncie.
Principal Harry H. Mourer, Greenfield.
Superintendent Henry J. Reed, Monticello.
Principal Robert Lambert, Columbus.
Principal R. Nelson Snider, Fort Wayne.
Principal W. S. Fellmy, Edwardsport.
Superintendent R. B. Julian, Valpariso.
Coach Harold Newgent, Lawrenceburg.
Principal Herman Hallett, New Richmond.

6. Permanent Secretary. In 1904, 1905, and 1906, one of the members of the Board of Control served as the secretary. This office was filled by J. T. Giles, 1904, J. T. Giles, 1905, and George W. Benton, 1906. The secretary received no remuneration at first. In 1907 the office of Permanent Secretary was created at a salary of twenty-five ($25.00) per year. J. T. Giles of Marion filled this office until December 26, 1912 when he offered his resignation, which was accepted, due to the fact that he was leaving the state. Mr. I. E. Neff of Richmond was chosen to the office. He served until March 15, 1913 at which time he resigned, because of removal from the state. Superintendent Arthur L. Trester of Alexandria was chosen to the position and has served continuously in that office since the last date. The growth of the Association and the work attached has caused the salary to be changed from twenty-five dollars to the present salary of six thousand five hundred dollars plus traveling expenses for a full-time man.

7. Growth of the Association. The Association in its twenty-eight years of existence has enjoyed a remarkable growth
in its membership. In fact its size is practically determined by the number of public high schools within the state of Indiana. The Association began with a membership of fifteen schools:

Alexandria
Anderson
Bloomington
Eaton
Fairmount
Goshen
Huntington
Kokomo
Manual Training (Indianapolis)
Marion
Noblesville
North Manchester
Salem
Shortridge (Indianapolis)
Wabash

Each year, except three, has seen a growth in membership until today, when there is a membership of 800. Table I on page 7 shows the growth in membership.
TABLE I
MEMBERSHIP IN THE I. H. S. A. A. FROM 1903-1931

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<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td>1904</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>57</td>
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<td>1905</td>
<td>101</td>
<td>29</td>
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<td>1906</td>
<td>117</td>
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<td>1907</td>
<td>123</td>
<td>6</td>
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<td>1931</td>
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B. The Form Of The State Organization

1. Board of Control. The Board of Control shall consist of five members, one from each of the five classes of high schools, classified on basis of enrollment.

2. Manner Of Election. The members of the Board of Control shall be chosen by the Athletic Council from its own membership.

3. Duties And Powers. It exercises all the duties and powers expressly delegated to it or implied by the constitution and by-laws. It is the sole executive authority of the organization and has complete and final jurisdiction over all questions of law and fact. It has full control over all sectional and state championship contests.

4. Divisions Of State. The state is divided into five districts for administration purposes.

5. Length Of Term. The Board Member is chosen for a term of three years.

6. Vacancies. A vacancy exists when a member dies, withdraws from the school profession, moves from the district, moves from the state, or voluntarily resigns.
C. The Board Of Control

1. First Method of Election. In the beginnings of the organization, the members of the Board of Control were chosen by the entire membership present at the annual meeting of the Association. Any superintendent, principal, coach, or teacher was eligible to serve as a member of the Board of Control. The person receiving the largest number of votes was declared elected. This system of election was used until 1916. The Board under this method consisted of three members, one of which served as Secretary. The office of Permanent Secretaryship was established in 1906.

2. The District Method. On October 27, 1916, it was voted in the general meeting to divide the state into five districts and the member schools of each district were to elect a member to the Board of Control. His term of office was to be for three years. The Board now consists of five members.

3. The Present Method. On December 13, 1930 the Legislative Body provided that the Board of Control should be chosen from the membership of the Athletic Council which should be chosen by the membership of the five districts. One member should be from each of the five classes of high schools of the district. The term is to be for three years. A member is eligible for re-election.
D. The Legislative Body

1. Original Body. From 1903 to 1925 the membership of the Association was the legislative authority of the organization. All legislation was presented and passed on the floor of the general meeting, which was held annually at the time of the State Teachers' Association.

2. Representative Body. In 1925 the new scheme of representation went into effect. The state had been divided into five districts and each district was to have three representatives. The Board of Control member from each district was to be a member of the Legislative Body also, thereby making twenty the total membership of the body. The Permanent Secretary was not to have power to vote.

3. Present Legislative Body. The present body was provided for in December, 1930 and put into operation the following year, 1931. The state is divided into the same five districts, but each district has the schools divided into five classes. Class I Schools have an enrollment of 1-75; Class II of 76-120; Class III of 121-250; Class IV of 251-600; Class V of 601 and above.

The legislative body at its annual meeting is charged with the passage of all legislation. Any member of the state organization may present proposals for legislation. The Permanent Secretary does not have voting power. The total membership of this body is twenty-five. It chooses its own presiding officer.
E. The Athletic Council

1. **Classes of Schools.** In a meeting of the Legislative Body on December 13, 1930 the Athletic Council was brought into being thereby supplanting the Legislative Body as the law making body of the Association. This proposal provides for the classification of the schools into five classes on basis of enrollment:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Enrollment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>1 - 75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>76 - 120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>121 - 250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>251 - 600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V</td>
<td>600 - Up</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This scheme was to be put into effect as soon as necessary elections could be held and adjustments be made. It will take some time to make adjustments from the Legislative Body to the Athletic Council but by 1934 the scheme will be in complete operation. When the organization is completed the membership of this body will thus be twenty-five, representing each class of school in each of the five districts of the state.

2. **Meetings.** An annual meeting and called meetings are provided for by the scheme.

3. **Duties.** It shall be the duty of the Athletic Council to pass on all matters of legislation. Any member of the Association may present a measure to the Council. The Council shall elect from its own members a Board of Control.
of five members who shall serve for a term of three years or for the remainder of an unexpired term in case of a vacancy to which any particular member may be elected. Members are eligible for reelection. The Council may fill vacancies, the person chosen to serve until a successor may be chosen at a regular election.

4. Membership of Council. Any eligible person from a high school in good standing in the I. H. S. A. A. may have his name submitted, not later than November 15 of each year, on a nominating petition signed by five high school principals in his district, at least two of whom shall be in his high school class, to the Commissioner of Athletics for election to the Athletic Council from the district in which his school is located.

5. Vacancies. Removal from an I. H. S. A. A. district, withdrawal from the teaching profession, resignation, suspension or expulsion of his school, or a lapse of membership of his school in the I. H. S. A. A. shall constitute a vacancy.¹

6. Personnel. The present membership of the Athletic Council is made up of the following:

District I - Ralph Sparks, H. L. Woodard, A. D. Schonfield, R. B. Julian, J. S. McCowan.


F. Summary

1. The first attempt to organize the Association was made in April, 1903. The final organization was completed in December 29, 1903.

2. The first Board of Control was composed of Principal George W. Benton, Shortridge, Superintendent Lotus D. Coffman, Salem, and J. T. Giles, Marion.

3. The personnel of the various Boards has been of the very highest type of school men, who thought and planned well for the Association.

4. But four men have filled the office of Permanent Secretary. They are George W. Benton, J. T. Giles, I. E. Neff, and Arthur L. Trester. The salary has ranged from $25.00 to $6500.00 per year and traveling expenses. The title of the office is now Commissioner of Athletics. The title was changed October 16, 1929.

5. The membership of the Association has grown from 15 charter members to 800 active members over the period of its existence, 1903-1931.

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6. The organization is purely democratic. The state is divided into five districts for administrative purposes. Each school has one vote in all elections. Representatives from each district have chosen to act as a law making body for the Association.

7. The Board of Control is the administrative body of the Association. All cases are referred to it for final decisions. The decisions of the Commissioner are subject to review by this Board. The term of the members of the Board of Control is for three years. Members of this Board are now subject to re-election.

8. The Legislative Body existed from 1925-1931. It took the place of the general meeting when it became so large that it hindered legislation. This body was composed of fifteen elected representatives, three from each district, and the five members of the Board of Control. Their terms were for three years and they were eligible for re-election. This body passed all legislative measures for the Association, meeting annually and in called sessions.

9. The Athletic Council is the law-making body of the Association having, since 1931, supplanted the Legislative Body. The functions are still the same, the body differing in numbers and manner of representation of the five classes of schools. The schools are classed on basis of enrollment. There are twenty-five members on this body and the President is elected from its own membership. The term of office is for five years once the scheme is in complete operation.
II. AN ANALYSIS OF THE DECISIONS OF THE BOARD OF CONTROL IN THE CASES THAT HAVE BEEN BEFORE THE BOARD

Introduction

The one-hundred eighteen different type cases listed are grouped under thirteen major headings: Administration, Awards, Conduct, Coaches, Contracts, Enrollment, Games, Membership, Officials, Professionalism, Season in Basketball, Sportsmanship, Spring Football. Sub-headings will appear under each of these. Most of the cases of necessity fall under the heading of Administration, since it is here that the majority of mistakes and infractions of the rules occur.

Since this is the first effort at a classification or codification of the decisions of the Board, assignment of cases to the various headings has been arbitrarily done. Some of the cases might well lend themselves to other classifications. The classifications are not perfect but will serve, we hope, to enlighten those who might be interested in studying to improve themselves in the correct administration of athletics within their own school systems, thereby avoiding infractions of the rules and regulations of the Association to which each principal subscribes for his school.

The TYPE CASE is cited, the DECISION given, and all other
cases of a similar nature are cited in the references which follow the case cited. All cases are copied from the Handbooks of the Association. A complete set of these books is on file in the office of the Commissioner of the I. H. S. A. A., 812 Circle Tower, Indianapolis, Indiana. They are open for inspection and use at all times.

A. Administration

1. Administrative Responsibility. On March 28, 1927, Principal W. J. Morrison of the Huntertown High School was requested by the Board of Control to be present at a Board Meeting to be held on April 30, 1927 to give evidence regarding some athletic matters in his high school. A letter written by Principal Morrison to one member of the Board of Control was interpreted to mean that he did not intend to attend the hearing by the Board of Control.

Decision. The Huntertown High School was suspended from the I. H. S. A. A. until the Principal appears before the Board of Control.  

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Hereafter all handbooks containing cases falling under a given sub-title will be indented under the proper sub-title. No further foot notes will be used for this purpose. The first case listed is the type case.

2. **Age.** The Worthington-Linton case was considered and Linton was suspended from the I. H. S. A. A. until January 1, 1925 for playing Russell Hewitt in football when he was 21 years of age, according to the evidence in the hands of the Board.

3. **Aid To Teachers' Programs.** Evansville. Coach Mark Wakefield, Chairman of the Athletic Section of the Southwestern Indiana Teacher's Association, asked regarding the assistance the I. H. S. A. A. desired to extend to the Section represented by Mr. Wakefield.

**Decision.** The I. H. S. A. A. agrees to furnish a speaker for the Athletic Section of the Southwestern Indiana Teacher's Association, as well as other similar associations; or the I. H. S. A. A. will assist in securing a speaker, the expenses to be paid out of I. H. S. A. A. funds.
4. **Athletic Fraternity For I. H. S. A. A. Laporte.** Coach Leitzman presented by letter the proposition of an I. H. S. A. A. Honorary Athletic Fraternity for high school students.

**Decision.** The Board considered the scheme satisfactory for individual schools, but believes that it should not be made a state matter.


5. **Athletic Conditions Within The County.** Harrison County. Practically all, if not all, of the high schools in the county have violated some rule of the I. H. S. A. A. The violations have been: (1) Using officials not approved; (2) playing eighth grade boys on high school teams; (3) playing boys who played on other than high school teams; (4) playing boys whose scholarship was below the standard of the I. H. S. A. A.

**Decision.** All schools in the county placed on probation until June 1, 1926 with the understanding that slight violations of the rules of the I. H. S. A. A. will jeopardize their standing in the Association and with the further understanding that all of the principals of the county shall have a meeting to study carefully the rules of the I. H. S. A. A. on or before Saturday, December 5, 1925 and shall report the results of the meeting to the Permanent Secretary.
with questions regarding any of the rules on or before Wednesday, December 9, 1925.


6. Bands At Tourneys. The question of bands at tourneys was discussed and it was decided that, in the main, this should be decided by the Center Principal and the participating schools. The further understanding was that the members of a band from one school should buy tickets, but that a county or a tourney band, made up of students from all the schools, might be admitted free by general agreement, if the seating capacity of the gymnasium would permit without causing a shortage of seats for those purchasing tickets. The Board was unanimously opposed to any band at the State Tourney.


7. Board Decisions Re-affirmed. The Board re-affirmed former decisions and rulings regarding students who play basketball on teams other than their own high school teams after the State Tourney. All students who participate in basketball games after the State Tourney on any teams other than their own high school teams jeopardize their own standing for spring athletics and for basketball next year and also jeopardize the standing of their high school in the I. H. S. A. A. The Board considers it the duty and responsibility of the principals
and coaches to warn the high school students regarding playing basketball with independent teams and to declare ineligible all violators.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1922, p. 84 (2 cases).

S. Cancellation Of Games. Guilford-Whitewater (Brookville) Case concerned alleged cancellation of contracts for games.

Decision. Case dropped as neither principal presented himself at the meeting and the correspondence showed that definite arrangements for games were not perfected.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1911, p. 36.

9. Case Continued. A controversy between Salem and Clearspring was carried over for settlement later on account of insufficient evidence.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1915, p. 58 (3 cases)
10. **Case Dropped.** Patriot-Vevay. The case was dropped on account of lack of evidence and failure of Patriot to be present as requested. Vevay was represented by the principal and the referee in the game in question.


11. **Change Of School.** Wingate-Crawfordsville. Marion Blacker, now enrolled in the Crawfordsville High School, but who was enrolled in the Wingate High School last semester,
was ineligible last semester and is ineligible this semester.  

Decision. The Wingate High School is suspended from the I. H. S. A. A. until June 1, 1920, for having played Marion Blacker on their basketball team last semester.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1923, p. 93 (2 cases), 95, 99, 105 (3 cases).
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1924, p. 105 (4 cases), 108, 109, 110 (2 cases), 118.
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1928, p. 110, 113, 117 (2 cases) 132 (3 cases), 133, 137.

12. Change Of Tourney Assignment. The request of Oolicitic to be transferred from the Bedford Tourney was not granted by the Board of Control.


13. Change Of Entry Blanks. It was decided that no substitutions on the entry blanks should be permitted after
the announced date, Monday, February 18, 1924.


14. **Change of Residence.** Kentland. The case of John Wargon of Kentland was considered and it was decided that he would be eligible as far as residence was concerned, as soon as his parents actually move from Morocco to Kentland.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1930, p. 100-1, 104 (2 cases), 126.

15. **Change in Control of School.** The students in the Syracuse High School, who have been attending other high schools, were declared eligible since the Syracuse High School is now under control of the township trustee.


16. **Changing Credits.** Principal Danielson of the Linton High School appeared before the Board by request in regard to Elva Murphy, a student in the Linton High School. The Board decided to suspend Elva Murphy from all forms of high school athletics in the future because he changed his record of credits upon entering Linton High School, in order to make himself appear eligible to participate in athletics. Linton High School forfeits all football games in which Elva Murphy participated as a member of the Linton...
High School team.

17. **Conduct of Principal.** Beech Grove. A game of basketball was played at Beech Grove Friday night, January 6, 1928, between Beech Grove and Fishers. The final score was Beech Grove, 19, and Fishers, 18. The referee brought charges against Principal L. B. Mann of Beech Grove of conduct and language unbecoming a gentleman and a high school principal.

**Decision.** Beech Grove High School suspended from the I. H. S. A. A. until June 1, 1928. The rules of the I. H. S. A. A. hold the high school principal responsible in all high school athletic activities. The evidence and admissions in the case of Principal L. B. Mann of Beech Grove of conduct and language unbecoming a gentleman and a high school principal prompted the decision.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1928, p. 120, 124, 127.

18. **Control of Crowd.** The Goshen-Warsaw controversy regarding a game of football at Warsaw was considered and decisions were rendered as follows:

**Decision.** Warsaw High School suspended until January 1, 1916, because of failure to conduct the game and control the crowd properly.

Mr. Lucas of Warsaw disqualified as an official in any games under the rules of I. H. S. A. A. until June 1, 1916.

19. **Definition of High School Student.** Plymouth High School asked concerning the eligibility of a boy who had taken some high school subjects while he was still carrying some subjects in the eighth grade. The Board decided upon the following interpretation regarding the definition of a high school student:

"Any student who carries at least fifteen hours regular high school work, is a high school student."


20. **Disregard of Board's Decision.** Corunna High School was suspended until January 1, 1921, for having disclaimed any obligations to the I. H. S. A. A. in some games with the Butler High School.


21. **Evidence Favorable to Boy.** Scircleville. A second consideration was given the ineligible status of Orlie Foutch. Principal Jones was notified that the evidence was in favor of the boy.


22. **Events in Track Meet.** The Board objected to the two-mile relay run by four men as an event in the Gary invitational meet as an event too strenuous for high school boys.
23. **Failing Work.** Wabash-Fairmount. Principal Knouff of Wabash High School brought formal written charges against Fairmount High School for playing George McCaskey in a football game at Wabash, September 29, 1906, after Superintendent Copeland had been advised that the boy was ineligible. There were present at the meeting the entire Board and Superintendent Copeland of Fairmount. Wabash High School was not represented.

The facts brought out in the hearing follow:

George McCaskey was a student in the Marion High School during the last semester of 1905-1906. He was carrying successfully the requisite fifteen hours of work, up to the time of the destruction of the school building by fire. He did not return to the Marion High School to finish the semester. His records were burned along with others. He entered the Fairmount High School in September last. Fairmount reasoned that as the boy had made his eligibility requirements during the two or more years of his high school experience, preceding the portion of a semester spent in Marion before the fire, of which latter period there was no record, his eligibility should be based on his previous record.

The decisions of the Board in former cases were confirmed by the conclusion that the rule was not subject to liberal interpretation and that McCaskey was in Marion High School a portion of the last semester, that he did not make his required credits at the close of the semester, that he
did not make them up before the opening of the present semester, and that he is therefore not eligible to represent his school in teams playing under I. H. S. A. A. rules.

As there was no attempt on the part of Fairmount to deceive any one as to eligibility of McGaskey, but merely an honest difference of opinion as to the interpretation of the records of Marion High School, the Board decided to exonerate Fairmount from any blame. The decision has no effect upon the result of the game or score.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1929, p. 120-21, 121, 128-29, 129, 132, 133 (2 cases), 141.

24. Field House Lease. The Board considered carefully the field of possibilities for holding the State Basketball Tourney through the years and decided to take a lease on the Butler College Field House, Stadium, and athletic facilities for a period of years, the amount of rental not to exceed ten thousand dollars per year. The Permanent Secretary was
authorized to negotiate a contract covering such a lease.

Note. A lease covering the use of the athletic facilities of the Butler College by the I. H. S. A. A. for ten years beginning March, 1928 and running to March, 1937 inclusive and calling for $40,000 advance rental to be paid was signed by the following individuals on May 9, 1927:

For Butler University—

Hilton U. Brown, President, Board of Directors.
Arthur V. Brown, Member Board of Directors and Chairman Athletic Committee.
John W. Atherton, Financial Secretary.

For I. H. S. A. A. —

John L. Adams, President.
C. F. Albaugh.
J. Ord Fortner.
J. Fred Hull.
Harry Nixon.
Arthur L. Trester.


25. Financial Settlement by Coaches and Principals.

Greens Fork. The Permanent Secretary was given authority to adjust a settlement between Principal H. A. Thomas and Referee Hall Vanderbeck.


26. First Team. Tell City--Evansville (Bosse). A contract was signed for a game of basketball at Tell City
for December 23, 1927. No statement was made regarding the ranking of the teams, but each school understood that first teams should play. The game was played as scheduled. Principal Humphreys of Tell City stated that Bosse High School sent their second team and that their first team played the second team of the Reitz High School, Evansville, on the same evening. Principal Eifler of Bosse High School stated that they used the two teams in question in their high school in a scrimmage game the day preceding the games on December 23, and that the winning team was sent to Tell City because they considered it their best team. Both of the Bosse High School teams lost their games.

Decision. Bosse High School instructed to arrange their scheme of ranking teams so that there will be no question about the matter in the future. No harm is recognized as intended or done in the case under consideration, although the right to question the procedure by Tell City is clearly recognized.


27. Girls' Athletics. The topic of Girls' Athletics and a State Girls' Athletic Association was discussed and it was the consensus of opinion that the high school principals belonging to the I. H. S. A. A. should administer athletics for girls as well as for boys and regulations
of the I. H. S. A. A. govern girls as well as boys.


28. **Girls' Play Days.** It was the consensus of opinion that the "Play Day" idea as a method of handling girls' athletic games and contests had considerable merit and that Play Day athletic events for girls should be permitted provided: (1) "that all girls should be eligible according to I. H. S. A. A. rules; (2) that all events shall be held under the supervision and direction of the high schools concerned or under the direction of the I. H. S. A. A. and (3) that girls from the different schools shall play with each other rather than compete against each other.


29. **Grade Credits.** Knightstown. Cyrus Boyer carried General Science in high school in 1921-1922 receiving credit in eighth grade Physiology for his work.

**Decision.** The credit considered a grade credit and not a high school credit.


30. **Grade Student.** McCordsville. Cecil Thomas declared ineligible because he is a grade student. All games in which he has played forfeited and the High School placed
on probation until June 1, 1925.


31. **Ineligible Boy Reinstated.** Frankfort. Herman Boots declared eligible from date. The decision was based on all available information and with the understanding that the boy and his high school are bound by all of the rules of the I. H. S. A. A.


32. **Independent Playing and Competition.** Leesburg. Principal Carl Harman submitted the case of the eligibility of Emra Stuckey to the Commissioner, and the Commissioner had stated on January 10, 1931, that Emra Stuckey made himself ineligible for any high school basketball during the present season when he participated on a team other than his high school team during the present season. Principal Harman requested that the case be presented to the Board of Control for consideration.

The case and the correspondence in the case were submitted to the Board and the Board approved the opinion of
the Commissioner as being in accord with the rules and regulations of the I. H. S. A. A.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1922, p. 84.

33. Injunction Suit. Mt. Summit. The Board of Control minutes of February 23, 1929 read as follows:

Mt. Summit. Reverend Shaul moved from Mt. Summit to LaFontaine. His son practiced basketball on the team at the latter place one evening, then returned to Mt. Summit and made his home with Coach Scott. The evidence shows that there was quite a little concern about this boy as an athlete both at Mt. Summit and at LaFontaine. The evidence also points toward, if it does not definitely prove, the use of "undue influence" in both towns. Principal Baker of Mt. Summit advised the boy to move to LaFontaine with his parents.

Decision. Verrollton Shaul not eligible for athletics in the Mt. Summit High School until he has been enrolled two
entire semesters, and he will not be eligible in the La-
Fontaine High School until he has been enrolled two entire
semesters, should he enter there."

On Friday March 1, 1929 an injunction suit was filed
in the Henry County Circuit by Fay E. Harter, plaintiff,
seeking to keep Trustee Christopher Cory, Principal Walter
Baker, Coach Howard Scott, Principal Roy Valentine, Referee
Paul Williams, Referee Allen Klinck, President Harry Nixon,
J. Fred Hull, Ben Watt, G. Ray Sharp, Floyd I. McMurray,
and Arthur L. Trester from preventing Verrollton Shaul from
entering the sectional basketball tourney held at Newcastle
on March 1 and 2 and from participating in other athletic
events.

Verrollton Shaul played in the tourney over the pro-
test of Principal Roy Valentine of Newcastle. The suit
brought by Fay E. Harter was dismissed by Fay E. Harter,
plaintiff, some weeks after the sectional tourney, March 1
and 2, 1929.

At the request of the Board of Control, Principal
Walter Baker, Coach Howard Scott, Trustee Christopher Cory,
County Superintendent Jesse Eilar and Principal Roy Valen-
tine appeared before the Board of Control on June 8, 1929.

Decision. a. Former decision of Board of Control af-
firmed in every point.
b. Mt. Summit High School placed on probation in the I. H. S. A. A. until June 1, 1930.

c. The action of any person or persons resorting to a Court injunction in seeking redress in high school athletic difficulties in the I. H. S. A. A. strongly deplored.

d. Mt. Summit school officials, Trustee Cory, Principal Baker and Coach Scott, warned regarding fan control of high school athletics.

e. The evidence failed to disclose any attempt or any influence by any of the school officials in Mt. Summit to discourage the filing of the injunction suit by a man not connected with the administration of the public school system of Mt. Summit. Consequently, the Board of Control does not consider that the regularly constituted school officials of Mt. Summit fulfilled their duty to the I. H. S. A. A., a voluntary athletic association to which they belong and to whose rules and regulations they subscribed in requesting membership.

f. A high school is not loyal and supporting member of the I. H. S. A. A. whose athletic activities are not managed, supervised, and directed by the regularly constituted school authorities on the basis of good school procedure. The high school principal is considered the
responsible party in the I. H. S. A. A.

Interpretation. (Mt. Summit Decision February 23, 1929). It was decided that "two entire semesters" in this decision should be interpreted to mean "two entire semesters" following semester II of the school year 1928-1929."


34. Inter-State Tourneys. The Hope High School was suspended from the I. H. S. A. A. until June 1, 1920, and was denied the privilege of participating in the sectional tourneys for 1920 because the high school participated in a tourney at Cincinnati University in the face of a warning not to do so by the Board of Control.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1911, p. 35.

35. Lapse of Annual Dues. Rome. Due to some misunderstanding, now corrected, this high school participated in games in 1928 when her membership was not paid.

Decision. The whole situation deplored and all schools concerned warned that participation must not take place with Indiana public high schools not belonging to the I. H. S. A. A. nor with high schools in other states that are not members of their State Associations. All correspondence filed for future reference.

36. **Late Entries.** The entry blanks for the sectional basketball tourneys were submitted and all late entry blanks were rejected. The entry blank of the Concannon High School was rejected because it was mailed late.


37. **Legal Responsibility in Case of Accident.** Milan Sectional Tourney. A Lawrenceburg player fell and broke his arm during a game. Roughness was not alleged and the injury was considered accidental. First aid was extended by the Center Principal. The Lawrenceburg officials, Principal and Coach, requested the Center Principal or the I. H. S. A. A. to assume the obligation of payment of the physician's statement for setting the bone and other services.

**Decision.** The Board considers first aid an obligation of the tourney management and such was extended, but it does not consider the obligation of payment of the physician's statement for setting the bone and other services as an obligation of the tourney or the I. H. S. A. A.


38. **Legitimate Tourney Expenses.** Gary. The items listed under "Help" in the financial report of the Gary Sectional Basketball Tourneys were considered as expenses belonging to Gary and not to the sectional tourney.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1924, p. 112 (2 cases).
39. Make-Up Work. South Milford. Harry Wible took Latin, English, Geometry, and History in the second semester of last year, failing in Geometry and History for the semester. During the summer he took some work under a tutor in Physiology and passed an examination with a grade of 75%.

Decision. The credit made in Physiology, an entirely new subject, during the summer and in the method outlined can not be counted toward eligibility in athletics in the I. H. S. A. A.


40. Meets Under High School Control. Representatives from Vincennes University and the schools participating in a recent tourney under the auspices of Vincennes University were present. The Board decided that all schools participating be placed on probation until January 1, 1921, that all cups, medals, and prizes given by Vincennes University be returned at once to Vincennes University, and that the organization formed under the direction of Vincennes University be dissolved. The students of Vincennes High School who played on the Y. M. C. A. team were declared ineligible for this entire season.

41. Memorial. Flora. The Commissioner submitted an agreement for a Kenneth Beckner Memorial, signed by Tony Beckner, the father, Superintendent George McCain, Principal Jesse Landis and Commissioner Arthur L. Trester.


42. Mutual Settlement. The New Haven-Harlan controversy was considered and upon a promise that the case would be settled satisfactorily soon by both principals no action was taken other than that both principals shall notify the Permanent Secretary that a satisfactory settlement has been reached at an early date.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1929, pp. 105, 111 (3 cases), 115, 119 (2 cases), 122, 126, 130.

43. News Leak. State Final Tourney Schedule. An alleged leak in the time of release of this schedule was
discussed and it was decided to investigate the whole question carefully and act upon the information.


44. News Publishing. Franklin College and Butler University. R. E. Blackwell, Director of Public Relations, Franklin College and Executive Secretary of the Indiana High School Press Association, and Mr. Gearhart, Publicity Director of Butler University, presented the proposition of the publication and distribution of "Tournament News" by the Indiana High School Press Association during the State Basketball Tourney with the sanction and permission to distribute by the I. H. S. A. A. Board of Control.

Decision. Due to a long-standing precedent and policy in the I. H. S. A. A. of considering that the publicity of the State Basketball Tourney properly belongs to the regular and established newspapers and press associations and also, due to the policy of the I. H. S. A. A. of eliminating any publicity or distribution of written material that can be interpreted as advertising for any college, company, organization, or institution, the request for sanction and permission to distribute the "Tournament News" is not granted.


45. Number of Tourneys. Huntingburg. Principal Marlin McCoy submitted the following tourney scheme, asking
regarding the number of tourneys involved: (1) Tourney at Huntingburg Friday, January 24, 1930, made up of seven DuBois County schools; (2) Tourney at Petersburg Friday, January 24, 1930, made up of seven Pike County schools; (3) Tourney at Jasper Saturday, January 25, 1930 made up of the two undefeated teams in each of the Pike and DuBois County tourneys.

Decision. Three (3) separate and distinct tourneys are involved in this scheme.


46. Official Contract Blanks. The Mays-Falmouth controversy was dismissed because official contracts had not been used for the contested game.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1921, p. 73.

47. On Both Junior and Senior High School Teams. Somerset. Principal N. M. Good used Kenneth King, Emmitt Merrimer and Clarence Shively on the senior high school basketball team and on the junior high school basketball team during the present season.

Decision. These three boys declared ineligible for all basketball for the present season. Principal Good given a warning and instructed to send letters at once forfeiting all junior high school games in which these boys have played this season requesting the principals of the opposing schools to notify the Permanent Secretary when such forfeit letters have been received.


48. **Outside Financial Aid.** The Board refused the request of the Olympic Games Fund Committee to assist in a financial way from the funds of the I. H. S. A. A. because the Board felt that it had no such authority.


49. **Parents' and Physicians' Certificates.** Mr. L. B. Webster of the Wiley High School, appeared before the Board in response to a call from the Board to explain why that high school had played its football schedule without sending in to the Permanent Secretary the Parents' and Physicians' certificates as required by the rules. The Board decided that all games won by Wiley High School are forfeited to the opposing schools.


50. **Place of Holding Championship Meets and Contests.**

Bloomington. Principal H. E. Binford asked regarding the matter of holding the State Track and Field Meet at Bloomington instead of at Indianapolis.

Decision. The policy of the I. H. S. A. A. is to hold all I. H. S. A. A. State Championship games, meets, and tournaments in Indianapolis, covering a period of ten years.

51. Playing Non-member School. Several complaints have reached the Board from time to time of high schools in the Association playing high schools out of the Association. The complaint against Peru brought before the Board at this meeting was definite and demanded action. As a result of the inquiries set on foot, the facts were shown to be as follows:

Peru played a football game with Logansport on September 29, the Peru manager, Mr. Teter, claiming it was played with the understanding that Logansport was a candidate for membership in the Association. Peru canceled a return game scheduled for October 20, when it was found that Logansport had not become a member of the Association.

The Board claimed that there was now no excuse for ignorance of the rules of the Association, and suspended Peru from the privileges of the Association for the balance of the football season, or until December 1, 1906.

All schools having games scheduled with Peru during this time are cautioned to cancel same. No forfeits may be claimed from Peru on account of the failure of these games.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1914, pp. 49 (2 cases), 53.
52. Playing Floors. Mellott-Perrysville. Cancellation of game by Mellott because Perrysville refused to play the walls "out-of-bounds" declared legal.


53. Playing Non-high School Boys. Etna Green vs. Mentone. Mentone High School was suspended until April 1, 1915, for playing on its team boys not belonging to this High School.


54. Physical Education and Health Work. The Commissioner reported that there had been a committee of school men and women, the I. H. S. A. A. being represented, working under the State Department of Public Instruction, and that material for a pamphlet on Physical Education and Health Work was ready for printing. It was also reported that the Committee had requested the I. H. S. A. A. to finance the printing of the pamphlet since money, sufficient in amount, was not available in the State Department.

The Board of Control, in line with its long standing
policy of promoting Physical Education and Health Work, authorized the financing of this pamphlet on Physical Education and Health by the State Department of Public Instruction out of the I. H. S. A. A. funds, provided satisfactory understandings were made with the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. The Commissioner was authorized to complete these understandings.


55. Post-graduate Work. Bluffton. Dayton Musselman took part in the High School Commencement exercises and received a diploma at Liberty Center High School last spring signed by the Principal and Trustee. His name appeared in the list of graduates and the diploma was presented by Mrs. J. D. French acting for County Superintendent J. D. French.

Decision. Dayton Musselman considered a High School graduate as far as the I. H. S. A. A. is concerned.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1922, p. 82.

56. Post-season Playing. Carlisle. Principal C. E. Keller reported that four of his Senior boys played in a basketball tourney after the close of the basketball season. He stated that he had declared the boys ineligible for participation in athletics for the remainder of the year and asked if there were any further steps he should take.
**Decision.** The rules of the I. H. S. A. A. are just as binding on seniors as they are binding on other students and the Board of Control expects high school principals and high school students to make an honest attempt to have the rules and regulations of the I. H. S. A. A. observed by seniors. The playing of a high school student on any team other than his high school teams always endangers the status of the student and also the standing of his high school in the State Association.

Principal Keller requested to read with a warning the relevant paragraphs in Bulletin VI for the present school year to his student body at an early date.

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57. **Principal Charged for His Service.** Fort Wayne, (South Side). Principal Harris included an item of "Personal Service" calling for twenty-five dollars in the financial report for his sectional basketball tourney held at Fort Wayne and submitted his report accordingly. The contracts for all I. H. S. A. A. tourneys specify that the Board of Control shall pass on all tourney reports by the Center Principals and the participating schools.
Decisions. The item of "Personal Service" included by Principal Harris not sanctioned by the Board of Control and Principal Harris instructed to distribute the amount of $25.00 listed for "Personal Service" as per the financial report form furnished him and all other Center Principals, on or before Saturday, April 3, 1926, requesting each participating principal in his tourney to notify the Permanent Secretary that such distribution had been made; also sending an itemized report of the distribution to the Permanent Secretary on or before April 3, 1926. The expense of making the distribution to belong to Principal Harris representing South Side High School, Fort Wayne.


58. Programs. Indianapolis. Mr. Thornburg asked permission to handle the programs for the State Basketball Tourney.

Decision. Programs for all meets and tourneys in the I. H. S. A. A. have always been handled by the I. H. S. A. A. and the Board desires to continue this practice.


59. Property Damage. Clifford. This case concerned the damage done to some clothing belonging to the players on the Clifford basketball team by some acid from the storage cells for lighting purposes in the dressing room at
Mt. Auburn. The evidence showed that the happening was purely accidental and that both parties were placed in similar positions as far as expense is concerned.

**Decision.** Each school pay its own expenses caused by the accident.


60. **Recognition of Catholic High School Association.**
The Constitution of the Catholic High Schools of the State was submitted for consideration and the request of the Board of this Association for affiliation with the I. H. S. A. A. was discussed at length. It was decided to recommend to the I. H. S. A. A. Athletic Council that the Catholic High School Athletic Association be recognized by the I. H. S. A. A.


61. **Regular Attendance.** Lanesville. Principal Herman Prage asked about the eligibility of Austin Green, who does not attend school regularly but who does take periodic tests during the semester.

**Decision.** The rules and regulations of the I. H. S. A. A. are built around the idea that a student must be regularly enrolled and a regular attendant at school in order to be considered eligible for athletics.
62. Relations Suspended. The Modoc-Ridgeville contest was declared "no game" and all athletic relations between the two schools suspended until January 1, 1921.

63. Scalping at State Basketball Tourney. Sweetser. Mr. Alva Williamson stated that he turned over some State Basketball Tourney tickets to Charles Bell for disposal outside the Butler Field House on Friday, March 14. Two Indianapolis policemen took the tickets from Charles Bell. The I. H. S. A. A. management did not handle these tickets after they were sold to the proper high school principal. Mr. Williamson requested that a settlement be made for the tickets taken by the two Indianapolis policemen.

Decision. The Board of Control disclaims the obligation of making any settlement with Mr. Williamson for these tickets.

64. Schools' Schedules. Frankfort. The Permanent Secretary submitted for the information of the Board the 1928-1929 basketball schedules of the Frankfort High School as given by Principal Howard for the "A", "B", and "C" teams including the period of suspension of the Frankfort High School. The schedules show the following:
"A" Team, 5 games prior to January 1 and 13 games after.
"B" Team, 4 games prior to January 1 and 13 games after.
"C" Team, 2 games prior to January 1 and 2 games after.


65. Sectional Tourney Settlement. Monticello Sectional Tourney. The correspondence regarding the checking of the financial report of this tourney and the attempts of the Commissioner to secure a settlement by the Center Principal and the participating Principals were submitted and considered.

The Board ruled that the stipulations of the tourney contract, the rules and regulations of the I. H. S. A. A. printed and distributed over the state regarding meals, lodging, and other expenses and divisions should be observed soon and in a definite way by all schools participating in the Monticello Tourney.

The Commissioner was instructed and authorized to notify all principals in the tourney and to secure a settlement at an early date. The following items were considered and adjustments in the tourney report and adjustment by the principals having teams in the tourney were ordered as follows:

1. Meals—$240.00 allowed, but considered high.

2. Lodging—Since no lodging, other than that by the Center School, was taken at the tourney center, transportation, one round trip according to scheme outlined for such,
should be allowed in lieu of one night's lodging. Lodging for more than one night to any team in this tourney should not be allowed as a legitimate tourney expense.

The Board considered the expenses of the tourney, other than for meals and lodging, as reasonable.


66. State Legislature. Senate Bills, No. 148 by Ke-hoe of Jeffersonville, and No. 157 by Friedley of Muncie, were read and discussed. The Board was informed that Bill No. 148 had been referred to Judiciary "A" Committee, Senator Clyde Hoffman, Chairman, 700 Fletcher Trust Building, Indianapolis; that Bill No. 157 had been referred to Judiciary "B" Committee, Senator Earl Rowley, of LaPorte, Chairman; and that a hearing on the latter bill had been set for 3:00 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, February 3, 1931, in the conference room of the Supreme Court in the State House. The Board Members and the Commissioner arranged to attend the hearing, together with other men interested in the handling of athletic activities in the high schools of the state, and to give information to the Senate Committee regarding the Indiana High School Athletic Association.

A statement of facts, setting forth the purpose of the I. H. S. A. A. and its method of administration and legislation, was drawn up and President McMurray was
selected to present the statement to the Senate Committee and to leave a signed copy with the Secretary of the Senate Committee.

The Commissioner reported that Director J. E. Gilroy of Gary, Superintendent M. J. Abbett of Bedford, Director M. H. Stuart of Indianapolis, and probably others would attend the meeting.


67. Student Management. Shoals ordered to pay $10.00 expense money to Williams. Williams ordered to appoint a faculty manager to manage all athletics according to the rules of the I. H. S. A. A.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1922, p. 84.
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1910, pp. 34, 37, 38, 39 (2 cases).

68. Substitute on Entry Blank. Mr. C. M. Plank of the Wea High School asked permission to substitute a player on his Sectional entry blank and the substitution was denied.


69. Suspension Penalty. Converse. This case continued from the last meeting, December 1, 1925, because Superintendent was not present, and concerned the playing of an ineligible boy in basketball and the status of athletic responsibility and administration in the high school.
Decision. The Converse High School suspended from the I. H. S. A. A. until June 1, 1926 on two counts: (a) Playing a boy ineligible due to scholarship and (b) laxness in athletic supervision, management, and administration by the school officials.


70. Suspension Removed or Shortened. Requests were received from several schools asking that Evansville be reinstated into membership in the I. H. S. A. A. The reasons for these requests were that several neighboring schools had agreed to join the Association and enforce its rules in that section of the State and that the support of Evansville was necessary to make the plan a success.

Since it appeared that the granting of these requests would result in benefit to the general athletic conditions in that part of the State, favorable action was taken by the Board. This action, however, is not to be taken as a precedent, and does not exonerate the Evansville High School from blame in the matter of violating the rules of the Association.


71. Summer Competition. Summer Baseball and Track Participation. It was decided that participation of a
high school student on an independent baseball team or track team during the summer months when the schools were not in session would not make a student ineligible for athletics the following year, provided he does not accept, directly or indirectly, remuneration for his participation in some way and also provided he does not participate under an assumed name. It is understood that this statement holds for the time only that school is not in session during the summer months.

72. **Ticket Allotment.** Cicero. Principal Brackemeyer stated that he had 101 students enrolled last semester. The Board stated that the State High School reports in the State Superintendent's office would govern all ticket allotments for the State Final Tourney.

73. **Ticket Purchase Refund.** Muncie. Principal L. S. Martin purchased a number of season tickets for the State Basketball Tourney, paying for them when they were purchased. The Saturday tickets of these season tickets were sold by Principal Martin but some of the Friday tickets of these season tickets were unsold by him. He returned to the
I. H. S. A. A. ticket office for sale the unsold Friday
tickets of these season tickets about noon Thursday March
15. These tickets, returned for sale, were placed on sale
by I. H. S. A. A. ticket sellers at the ticket windows in
the Field House all day and evening Friday, March 16. Three
other schools requested and were granted permission to sell
their unsold Friday tickets at the I. H. S. A. A. ticket
windows on Friday.

All of the money from the sales by I. H. S. A. A.
ticket sellers of the Muncie tickets for the day and even-
ing of Friday, March 16, was turned over to Principal Martin.
No discrimination at all was shown in the sale of tickets at
the I. H. S. A. A. ticket windows or elsewhere by the I. H.
S. A. A.

Decision. Ticket arrangements, sales and settlements
made with Principal L. S. Martin considered fair and the
same as were made with all schools purchasing tickets.


74. Tourney Deficit. Oakland City. The Sectional
Basketball Tourney report of Oakland City was considered
for the second time and it was decided that the I. H. S.
A. A. should not pay the deficit of $26.36.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1929, pp. 133 (2 cases),
128.
75. **Tourneys Prior to February 1.** Anderson. George Hitz, Jr. played in a Y. M. C. A. Basketball Tourney after February 1, 1929.

**Decision.** George Hitz, Jr. declared ineligible for any high school athletics until January 1, 1930.


76. **Twenty-game Rule in Basketball.** Bulletin No. II, October 2, 1930, carried some statements under this heading and it was decided by the Board on September 13, 1930, to check the basketball schedules of all schools in the state about which there are questions. A number of schedules for 1929-1930 have been carefully checked and the schedules of these schools for 1930-1931 have been checked and filed in the I. H. S. A. A. office.

**Decision.** Final decision in the above cases held in abeyance pending the playing of the present year's basketball schedules by these schools as submitted and as filed in the I. H. S. A. A. office.

77. **Undue Influence.** Frankfort. Herman Boots, who attended the Bowers High School last year, was declared ineligible in the Frankfort High School for this entire year as the evidence pointed toward too much activity in securing him as a student in the Frankfort High School on the part of a party outside of school.


78. **Unfair Sale of State Basketball Tickets.** Connersville. The Commissioner reported that he requested and held a conference with Principal Myers at Connersville in the presence of Superintendent Dodson, Coach Pruitt, and the Press. Facts regarding the State Tourney tickets were submitted by the Commissioner. This conference was requested and held by the Commissioner because of certain statements made by Principal Myers touching the honesty and integrity of the tourney management.

Principal Myers was asked to submit any evidence of any kind that any person connected with the management of the tourney or the I. H. S. A. A. sold season tickets for
more than three dollars each. He stated that he had no evidence at all and the others present stated that they had no evidence.


79. **Use of Non-High School Players.** South Bend-Rochester. South Bend protested Hugh Barnhart of Rochester as being ineligible to play under I. H. S. A. A. rules, since he is no longer a pupil of the Rochester High School.

**Decision.** The protest was sustained by the Board and Barnhart was declared ineligible to play under I. H. S. A. A. rules.


80. **Wabash Valley Tourney.** A resolution was adopted by the National Federation February 25, 1929, prohibiting inter-state basketball tourneys. The I. H. S. A. A. belongs to the National Federation and the resolution was extended to the membership.

Representatives of the Wabash Valley Tourney, including Indiana and Illinois High Schools, asked the Executive Committee of the National Federation for an interpretation of the term "inter-state basketball tournament" on November 30, 1929.

The following is copied from the minutes of the meeting of this Executive Committee:
"After a thorough consideration of all aspects of the case, it was moved by Mr. Forsythe and seconded by Mr. Davis that in the judgment of the Executive Committee the resolution adopted at the Cleveland meeting was not aimed at the sort of tournament conducted by this conference; and that, for the guidance of the Manager in issuing sanctions, pending further action by the National Council, bona fide conferences or associations possessing the following qualifications should be exempt from the application of the resolution:

1. The conference or association must have had an organized existence for a period of five years or more prior to the adoption of the resolution, February 24, 1929.

2. It must not have appreciably modified its area or membership since the adoption of the resolution and all members must be members in good standing of their respective state high school athletic associations.

3. It must be completely controlled by an organized board of school men chosen from the schools belonging to the organization.

4. No team shall be permitted to enter the tournament except those from member schools.

The motion was unanimously carried."

81. Withdrawal of Team. Somerset--Swayzee. The case concerned a partly played contest at Swayzee. Somerset took their team from the floor because of dissatisfaction with the referee.

Decision. Contest declared won by Swayzee as a forfeited game. Principal Trook of Swayzee was instructed to pay Principal Sisson of Somerset one-half of the amount in contract, or $5.00, since the girls' game was played. Both schools placed on probation until January 1, 1927. The Board deplores situations having to do with partly-played games, since proper management and correct attitudes will make such impossible. Both Principals and Referee Arrick are warned. Referee Arrick placed on probation until January 1, 1927.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1911, p. 35.
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1927, pp. 95, 97, 98 (2 cases), 100.

B. Awards

1. Prizes. Huntington. A request was made by the Huntington Press and the Jefferson Theatre of Huntington.
that this paper be permitted to give a loving cup to the most popular high school athlete in Huntington County, the selection to be based on the votes of the public as indicated on ballots printed in the Press.

**Decision.** The Board of Control and the Legislative Body of the I. H. S. A. A. have repeatedly gone on record as being opposed to prizes and awards being given to high school athletes by any persons other than the regularly constituted school authorities; and even then it has been urged that prizes and awards be limited in number and also limited to such as have symbolic value only. Acceptance of the cup in question by a high school athlete, therefore, would make him ineligible for athletics in the I. H. S. A. A.


C. Coaches

1. **Conduct of Coaches.** Dunkirk-Hartford City. Referee Everett F. Brown of Muncie, Umpire M. E. Rowland of Redkey, and Principal J. E. Dickson of Dunkirk stated that the Hartford City players wrangled about the decisions of the officials during a recent game; and that Coach Gullion of Hartford City wrangled about the decisions and also used profane language during the game.

**Decision.** Referee Everett Brown placed on probation as
an official in the I. H. S. A. A. until January 1, 1928 as evidence showed that his work in the game in question was not satisfactory.

Coach Gullion instructed to coach his team not to wrangle about the decisions of the officials, and he was cautioned about his own conduct during games.


2. Paid Coaches. Washington. This High School was suspended from the I. H. S. A. A. until September 1, 1925, for violating the spirit, if not the letter, of the I. H. S. A. A. rules and regulations regarding the use of coaches other than regularly licensed and regularly employed teachers and regarding paid coaches.


D. Conduct

1. Civil Court Settlement. Monitor. The referee (McGuire) and some fans had some trouble after a game.
Decision. Settlement in civil court recommended.


2. Conduct of Crowd. Oolitic-Smithville. The Board commends the action of Principal W. C. Roberts of Oolitic, Principal Ralph Watson of Smithville, and Referee Kenneth Beckner in having Thomas Evans, a fan from Oolitic, fined for striking the said Referee after a game of basketball last season.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1923, pp. 94, 95, 96 (2 cases), 102.

3. Player Conduct. Franklin-Shelbyville. Superintendent Holton, Principal Edwards, and Robert Markley of Shelbyville, Principal Williams and Mr. Wegener of Franklin were present and gave evidence in the case. After due consideration Robert Markley of Shelbyville was suspended from participation in athletics during the present basketball season on account of his attitude and conduct during a game of basketball at Franklin on January 23.

4. **Student Conduct.** Rensselaer. During some celebration ceremonies on Monday morning, November 16, about one hundred Rensselaer High School students made the trip to Kentland High School without permission from Rensselaer or invitation from Kentland. Some of these students entered the Kentland High School but complied with a request from Superintendent Roudebush to leave the building.

**Decision.** Rensselaer High School placed on probation until June 1, 1926 and Principal Clearwaters instructed to read the following statement to the Rensselaer High School student body and to the Kentland High School student body on or before Monday, November 30, 1925:

"The Board of Control of the I. H. S. A. A. deeply deplores the conduct of about one hundred (100) of the high school students of the Rensselaer High School in their extension of their celebration to the Kentland High School on Monday, November 16, 1925. These students had no excuse nor right on the basis of sportsmanship or on any other basis to make such a trip and such conduct places a blot on the fair name of the I. H. S. A. A. and the 780
high schools composing the association.

In addition to the penalties assigned by the school authorities and parents of Rensselaer, the Board of Control of the I. H. S. A. A. places the Rensselaer High School on probation in the I. H. S. A. A. until June 1, 1926 and instructs Principal Clearwaters to read this statement in full to the Rensselaer High School student body and to the Kentland High School student body on or before Monday, November 30, 1925.

Slight violations of the rules and regulations of the I. H. S. A. A. by the Rensselaer High School will seriously jeopardize the standing of this school in the I. H. S. A. A.


E. Contracts

1. Breaking Contracts. Odon-Solsberry. Odon went to Solsberry to play two games of basketball scheduled for seven and eight o'clock, December 13, 1929. Odon arrived sometime between seven and eight o'clock. Solsberry staged a girls' game with Unionville, beginning some time between seven and eight o'clock; the first teams of Odon and Solsberry then played; Odon then refused to play the second team game due to the lateness of the hour and requested the payment of $15.00, the contract amount, which was
refused by Solsberry.

**Decision.** Solsberry owes Odon ten dollars ($10.00) as part of contract amount allocated by Board of Control for first team game played. Odon owes Solsberry ten dollars ($10.00) according to contract for failure to play the second team game.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1913, pp. 38, 40 (2 cases), 41 (2 cases), 42 (2 cases).
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1914, pp. 48 (2 cases), 49.
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1917, pp. 54 (2 cases), 55 (2 cases).
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1918, pp. 49, 50 (2 cases), 51.
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1920, pp. 60, 63 (2 cases).
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1921, pp. 70, 73.
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1922, pp. 56 (2 cases), 83, 84, 85.

F. Enrollment

1. **Enrollment.** Glenn (Terre Haute). Eugene Tyler declared ineligible for the present semester due to enrollment. Principal McPherson was instructed to forfeit all games in which the boy had played during the school year, and the Glenn High School was placed on probation in the I. H. S. A. A. until June 1, 1925.
2. **Five Year Man.** In the case of Lafayette vs. Attica the Board ruled that Baker of Attica had played football four seasons previous to the present season and was therefore ineligible to play this year. The game in which he participated was awarded to Lafayette.

3. **Ineligible Boy.** Newcastle was required to forfeit all games in which Eugene Burke participated this school year. Burke was declared ineligible for all athletics this school year.
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1922, pp. 85 (2 cases), 56, 81, 84, 87.
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1907, p. 43.
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1917, pp. 53 (2 cases), 54, 60.
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1918, pp. 48 (2 cases), 50, 51.
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1921, pp. 69 (2 cases), 72, 73, 75.

4. Twenty-day Enrollment. The Homer High School was suspended until January 1, 1921, for having played Charles English, Leland Parker, and Orrin Miller. Each of these boys entered school after the first twenty days of school.


G. Games

1. Alumni Games. Superintendent Spencer of the Tipton County Schools requested a statement regarding alumni games and the Board explained that alumni games had always
been regarded as games, and that all of the rules and regulations should govern such games.


2. Benefit Games. The Commissioner reported that he had extended the rules and regulations of the I. H. S. A. A. to Indianapolis, New Albany, Evansville, and Lafayette regarding benefit games, and that no rules or regulations of the I. H. S. A. A. had been waived in any case. The Board of Control approved the action of the Commissioner and instructed him to answer all questions about benefit games by extending the rules and regulations of the I. H. S. A. A. as they concern other games.


3. Disputed Games. Clay Township-Peru. The game between these two schools in the sectional tourney was protested by Principal Glenn Nelson of Clay Township. Statements were on file by the two principals, the two officials and others. Careful consideration was given to the evidence in the case.

Decision. The score of the game stands as played and officiated.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1911, pp. 36 (2 cases).
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1913, pp. 38 (2 cases), 41.
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1918, pp. 48 (3 cases).
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1921, pp. 71, 72, 73.

4. Practice Games. The Board reaffirmed former decisions that "practice games" between schools are games.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1918, pp. 49 (2 cases).

H. Membership

1. Asking Membership. Deaf and Dumb School (Indianapolis). This school applied for membership in the I. H. S. A. A.

Decision. Due to the fact that students below the ninth grade of school work are used on their teams, the Board could not accept the membership as such would be a violation of the Constitution of the I. H. S. A. A.

2. Colored High Schools. It was decided to present the element of membership of colored high schools in the I. H. S. A. A. to the I. H. S. A. A. Legislative Body for final decision.

**Decision.** It was decided to extend limited membership to colored high schools desiring to join the I. H. S. A. A. with the understanding that limited membership shall extend to colored high schools the privilege of participating in single athletic games and contests with other high schools belonging to the I. H. S. A. A. but not in meets and tourneys in which more than two teams participate except in meets and tourneys in which only the teams from the high schools in the same city participate.


3. Delayed Membership. Complaint was brought against the Rockville High School on the grounds that they had remained out of the Association until they had played with all the high schools not members of the I. H. S. A. A. on their schedule and then joined to complete their schedule with I. H. S. A. A. teams. On this matter the Board ruled that while this was technically all right, in spirit it was wrong and was to be condemned.


4. Dual Membership. Mr. Spaulding of Gary came before
the meeting to give reasons for the Froebel and Emerson High Schools joining as one school for football. This whole matter was considered and the following decision was given: Both the Froebel and Emerson High Schools of Gary were suspended until September 1, 1918, for joining as one school during the football season.


I. Officials

1. Approved Officials (Ladies). Indianapolis. Miss Ada B. Crozier, representing a group of women interested in basketball, presented a scheme for the approval of women as basketball officials in the I. H. S. A. A.

Decision. The I. H. S. A. A. now has in operation a scheme for the approval of officials for both men and women. According to the scheme, applicants receive approval to officiate by making application and by submitting satisfactory recommendations to the I. H. S. A. A. The I. H. S. A. A. will gladly receive and carefully consider any recommendations made by this organization and any other organization or individual regarding persons desiring to become approved officials, but it does not seem desirable to establish any dual system for the approval of officials as the rules and regulations of the I. H. S. A. A. are binding on boys' and girls' athletics in the membership of the Association.
2. **Fee Charged by Official.** Fairmount. Principal Wellman reported that B. B. Evans charged too much to officiate at a game.

**Decision.** No action taken by the Board of Control because there was no agreement, verbal or written, between Principal Wellman and Referee Evans. Definite and written agreements are recommended.


3. **High School Students as Officials.** The Board decided not to approve high school students as officials in the I. H. S. A. A.


4. **Incompetent Officials.** Richmond. The officiating in the Richmond sectional tourney was found to be very unsatisfactory to the majority of the principals and coaches. It was also found that the results of the games and the tourney would not have been materially changed under satisfactory officiating.

5. **Interpretation of Official's Decision.** A dispute between the Linton and Jasonville High Schools concerning an interpretation of the football rules, was referred by the two schools and the official in charge to the Board of Control for a decision. The question was concerning the legality of a play after both teams had been called off side by the official. The Board decided that a play made under such conditions was illegal.


6. **Non-Approved Officials.** Logansport-Noblesville. A game of football played at Noblesville on September 20 was protested by Principal Mitchell of Logansport on the grounds that the Referee only was approved as an official in the I. H. S. A. A. and that the work of the other officials was not satisfactory. Principal Griffey, Superintendent Stockinger, Coach Buck, Coach Eberhart, and Referee Miller were present. The Board declared the contest "no game" so far as the score is concerned and instructed each Principal to have the decision printed in their local papers in their next issues and to send copies of the papers containing the decision to the Permanent Secretary as soon as they are ready for mailing.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1911, p. 35.

7. **Official's Decision Affirmed.** The Orleans-Smithville controversy was considered and the decision of the referee in forfeiting the game to Smithville was sustained. The Permanent Secretary was instructed to warn Orleans about their rough style of playing and especially on the part of Ellis, the captain.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1921, pp. 70, 71, 72, 73 (3 cases).
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1923, pp. 95, 96, 97, 98.

8. **Official's Card Taken Away.** Mr. Lucas of Warsaw disqualified as an official in any games under the rules of the I. H. S. A. A. until June 1, 1916.

9. Protest of Official's Decision. Berne. Superintendent E. W. Jeffery, stating that Principal Caroline Hirschy had appointed him Faculty Manager, requested that the certification of Mr. Hugh Vandivier of Marion as a basketball referee in the I. H. S. A. A. be immediately withdrawn and permanently withheld. His charges were "glaring incompetence, unfairness, inconsistency, and lack of judgment in handling the final game of the Regional Tourney at Fort Wayne, Saturday, March 9, between South Side High School, Fort Wayne, and Berne High School". Superintendent Jeffery and his Coach were requested to attend the hearing but were unable to be present. Letters from the three other high schools in the tourney, a letter from Mr. Vandivier and a number of letters from interested as well as disinterested persons were submitted in evidence.

Decision. None of the charges made by Superintendent Jeffery were sustained by the evidence. Mr. Hugh Vandivier exonerated and continued as an approved basketball official in good standing in the I. H. S. A. A.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1912, pp. 54, 56 (2 cases), 67.
10. **Reinstatement of Official.** Leesburg. Leland Osborn requested to report to C. F. Albaugh, a member of the Board, regarding his request for reinstatement as an approved official in the I. H. S. A. A.


11. **Re-registration of Officials.** It was decided to re-register the approved officials in the I. H. S. A. A. during the summer, charging a fee of $1.00 for each re-registration on or before August 15, 1931, canceling the approval cards of all officials who have not re-registered according to the scheme and printing a list of re-registered officials as soon as possible after August 15, 1931. A re-registration card was submitted and approved. The Commissioner was authorized to secure additional clerical help if such is needed to complete this re-registration.


12. **Substituting an Official.** Terre Haute. Referee Charles Jensen contracted to officiate a basketball game at Central High School, Evansville, on December 31, 1927. A week or ten days prior to the game, Mr. Jensen made arrangements with another official to officiate in his place as he desired to work in two games at St. Louis. Central High School received their first knowledge about this substitution by telegram from Mr. Jensen at 1:00 o'clock Saturday afternoon,
December 31, and sent a telegram to Mr. Jensen telling him not to send the substitute official. Mr. Jensen had gone to St. Louis and the substitute official made the trip to Evansville, but did not officiate in the game.

**Decision.** Referee Charles Jensen did not observe his contract with Central High School in a way satisfactory to the spirit and rules of the I. H. S. A. A. An entry carrying this decision with a warning was made on the record of the official in the I. H. S. A. A. office.


**J. Professionalism**

1. **Professionalism.** Evansville. Principal Bosse of the Reitz High School presented the case of Shelby Mullen, who participated in boxing matches and accepted remuneration for the same during last summer. The Board declared the boy ineligible for all high school athletics.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1922, p. 81
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1925, pp. 107, 113 (2 cases).
K. Season in Basketball


The DePauw, New Salisbury, Elizabeth, and Mauckport High Schools were placed on probation in the I. H. S. A. A. until June 1, 1928, on account of having played inter-school games in girls' basketball prior to October 1, 1927.


L. Sportsmanship

1. Change of Shirts. It was decided to recommend that whenever there occurs a difficulty in the color of shirts worn by the members of two contesting teams, the following should govern: (1) The home team should make the changes necessary; (2) in tourneys a toss of coin should decide.


2. Sportsmanship. Milroy. Evidence showed that Earl Moore of Milroy struck referee C. L. Litherland during a basketball game and that Lowell Moore, the son of Earl Moore and a player on the Milroy team, used abusive language concerning, and in the presence of, Referee C. L. Litherland during the game.

Decision. We understand that Referee Litherland
brought charges of assault and battery again Earl Moore
and that he pleaded guilty and was fined in the Rush County
Circuit Court. The Board commends Referee Litherland.
Lowell Moore was declared ineligible for all high school
athletics for the entire school year and his status must
be decided by the Board of Control before he is considered
eligible in any future school year in high school. Principal R. L. Power commended for his attitude in the affair
and his assistance to the Board of Control.

I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1910, p. 34.
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1921, p. 73.
I. H. S. A. A. Handbook, 1930, pp. 95, 99, 113,
113-14, 117, 122, 123, 125-6, 126.

M. Spring Football

1. Spring Football. The question had been asked
regarding football games between schools in the spring and
the Board extends the rule in the I. H. S. A. A. stating
that the football season shall close November 30 of each
year, with the decision that the rule prevents football games between schools in any school year after November 30 of that school year.


N. Conclusions and Recommendations

1. The I. H. S. A. A. aims to promote the educational interests and ideals in high school interscholastic athletics.

2. Good school procedure has always been supported by the I. H. S. A. A. in the administration of high school athletics, and the I. H. S. A. A. has always considered well conducted athletics an integral part of good school procedure.

3. The high school principal has always been considered the responsible party in the administration of athletics as far as the I. H. S. A. A. is concerned.

4. The officials of the I. H. S. A. A. in all years have been active school men selected by the principals of the schools in membership.

5. Student management of athletics, an early error in the handling of high school athletics, has been eliminated although students are used extensively as assistants in management.

6. The I. H. S. A. A. assumed the task of handling inter-school athletics among the high schools of the state in 1903 voluntarily and has been doing this work since that
time in an efficient, democratic, and representative way. No other organization was attempting to do this work since the I. H. S. A. A. was founded. The I. H. S. A. A. recognized the need and organized to meet it.

7. Scholarship has always been upheld in the I. H. S. A. A. For twenty-nine years the I. H. S. A. A. has required for eligibility that a student not only be passing currently in three regular high school subjects but also that he must have passed in a similar amount of work during the last semester in high school.

8. Professionalism has been barred and amateurism in high school athletics has been supported.

9. Coaches of athletic sports must be regularly licensed teachers, regularly employed by the school officials and paid in the regular way out of school funds.

10. The officials for all games in the I. H. S. A. A. must be approved officials. This scheme is now in its eleventh year.

11. Offences for which schools were before the Board number 1305; the number of different schools was 469. The ratio of offences to the number of schools in the different classes was: Class I schools, with an enrollment of 1 to 75 inclusive, numbered 132 schools and have presented
254 cases. This gives a ratio of schools to cases of 1:2.2. Class II schools, with an enrollment of 76 to 120 inclusive, numbered 128 schools and have presented 257 cases. This gives a ratio of schools to cases of 1:2. Class III schools, with an enrollment of 121 to 250 inclusive, numbered 113 schools and have presented 312 cases. This gives a ratio of schools to cases of 1:2.7. Class IV schools, with an enrollment of 251 to 600 inclusive, numbered 50 schools and have presented 237 cases. This gives a ratio of schools to cases of 1:4.7. Class V schools, with an enrollment of 601 and up, numbered 46 schools and have presented 245 cases. This gives a ratio of schools to cases of 1:5.3. See Table II, on p. 83.

These ratios would indicate that a campaign of education would be a wholesome thing for the Association to sponsor in some form throughout the state.

12. The rigid enforcement, without favor, of the rules and regulations of the Association has been a determining factor in placing the I. H. S. A. A. in the enviable position it occupies amongst the other similar state organizations. A continuation of the same policy will keep the Association here.
TABLE II

SHOWING NUMBER OF SCHOOLS IN EACH CLASS WHICH HAVE HAD CASES
BEFORE BOARD OF CONTROL. SHOWING NUMBER OF TIMES
THE SCHOOLS OF EACH CLASS APPEARED
BEFORE THE BOARD OF CONTROL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CLASS</th>
<th>I (1-75)</th>
<th>II (76-120)</th>
<th>III (121-250)</th>
<th>IV (251-600)</th>
<th>V (601-Up)</th>
<th>No. Schools</th>
<th>No. Cases</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. Schools</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>469</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. Cases</td>
<td>254</td>
<td>257</td>
<td>312</td>
<td>237</td>
<td>245</td>
<td>1305</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Schools</td>
<td>28.1</td>
<td>27.3</td>
<td>24.1</td>
<td>10.6</td>
<td>9.9</td>
<td>469</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Cases</td>
<td>19.4</td>
<td>19.7</td>
<td>23.9</td>
<td>18.2</td>
<td>18.18</td>
<td>1305</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
III. SOURCE AND GROWTH OF FINANCES OF THE ASSOCIATION

A. General Statement

The finances of the Association have from the beginning been on a sound basis. With the idea in mind that they should be made self supporting, provision was made for a sufficient amount of income to accomplish this and assure the independence of the organization. Along with the growth of the Association in members and interest in the inter-school sports the treasury has experienced a substantial balance.

B. Sources of Income

1. Membership Fees. Each year member schools pay membership fees (has ranged from $2.00—$1.50) into the treasury. See TABLE IV, p. 88.

2. Registration of Officials. Each official who is granted a referee's card in the Association is required to pay a registration fee of $1.50. A re-registration of all officials in 1931 called for another fee. All new officials registered will pay the usual fee. See TABLE VI, p. 89.

3. Entry Fees to Tourneys. Each school entering any or all of the different tourneys of the Association is required to pay an entry fee of $1.00. See TABLE V, p. 88.
4. Receipts from Sectional Tourneys. A percent of the net receipts from the sectional tourneys is paid into the treasury. This percent has varied from 3% to 10%. See TABLE VII, p. 89.

5. Receipts from Regional Tourneys. Ten percent of the first net balance is due the Association and if there be a second net balance 50% of this is given to the Association. See TABLE VIII, p. 90.

6. Receipts from State Tourneys. The receipts from the different tourneys held under the direct control of the Association are paid into the treasury of the Association. These receipts constitute the largest single item of receipts. See TABLE IX, p. 90.

7. Receipts from Insurance. Rain insurance has been carried on the sectional and state track meets in recent years and in some instances rain insurance has been collected. The receipts, however, just about balance the expenditures from this.

8. Receipts from Interest on Investments. Receipts from this source have been increasing since the first investment in 1918. It is quite an item to date.

9. Receipts from Sales of Securities. As the securities held come due, they are cashed and the capital used to pay off accrued obligations or re-invested in other securities.
10. Receipts from Rentals. The lease of the Butler Field House permits the sub-leasing of same to high schools. From this source the treasurer receives a substantial sum. This has been done since 1931.

TABLE III on page 87 shows the yearly receipts, expenditures, balances, and investments of the finances of the Association from 1904 - 1931.

C. Protection of Finances

The finances are fully and completely protected. The investments are all in government securities, U. S. Treasury Bonds and Liberty Loan Bonds. The Commissioner is bonded to a sum to cover adequately the entire amount. Burglary and theft insurance are carried.
#### TABLE III

RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES, BALANCES, INVESTMENTS, INDIANA HIGH SCHOOL ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION 1904 - 1931

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Receipts</th>
<th>Expenditures</th>
<th>Balance</th>
<th>Investment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1904</td>
<td>No record in Handbook</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1905</td>
<td>$463.00</td>
<td>$404.80</td>
<td>$58.20</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1906</td>
<td>344.92</td>
<td>344.92</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1907</td>
<td>456.39</td>
<td>456.39</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1908</td>
<td>725.38</td>
<td>376.45</td>
<td>348.93</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1909</td>
<td>1006.58</td>
<td>408.57</td>
<td>601.01</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1910</td>
<td>1177.26</td>
<td>688.72</td>
<td>488.54</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1911</td>
<td>1025.59</td>
<td>639.35</td>
<td>386.24</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1912</td>
<td>1213.19</td>
<td>822.55</td>
<td>390.64</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1913</td>
<td>1422.29</td>
<td>1013.56</td>
<td>410.73</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1914</td>
<td>1347.61</td>
<td>772.56</td>
<td>575.05</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1915</td>
<td>2337.86</td>
<td>1562.45</td>
<td>781.41</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1916</td>
<td>2600.28</td>
<td>1579.12</td>
<td>1021.16</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1917</td>
<td>4729.75</td>
<td>2855.63</td>
<td>1877.13</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1918</td>
<td>6179.27</td>
<td>5069.91</td>
<td>1109.36</td>
<td>1497.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1919</td>
<td>5700.50</td>
<td>3091.45</td>
<td>2609.05</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1920</td>
<td>10348.26</td>
<td>4626.70</td>
<td>5721.56</td>
<td>624.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1921</td>
<td>11025.22</td>
<td>10254.07</td>
<td>771.15</td>
<td>4842.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1922</td>
<td>10105.94</td>
<td>14491.50</td>
<td>1887.31</td>
<td>4038.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1923</td>
<td>22668.12</td>
<td>22002.55</td>
<td>665.57</td>
<td>10016.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1924</td>
<td>23007.97</td>
<td>23264.97</td>
<td>643.00</td>
<td>12104.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1925</td>
<td>23366.80</td>
<td>23140.99</td>
<td>225.81</td>
<td>8250.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1926</td>
<td>21503.36</td>
<td>20914.90</td>
<td>588.46</td>
<td>5273.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1927</td>
<td>76961.19</td>
<td>76542.17</td>
<td>1007.46</td>
<td>21879.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>1928</td>
<td>66596.84</td>
<td>66079.33</td>
<td>516.51</td>
<td>44172.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1929</td>
<td>75639.92</td>
<td>74603.08</td>
<td>1561.83</td>
<td>48565.79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1930</td>
<td>62371.37</td>
<td>62131.04</td>
<td>240.33</td>
<td>34284.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1931</td>
<td>74919.99</td>
<td>73799.33</td>
<td>1120.66</td>
<td>30347.19</td>
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</table>

U. S. Treasury Bonds and Liberty Loan Bonds on Hands:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cost</th>
<th>Par</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$134952.98</td>
<td>$133000.00</td>
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### TABLE IV
REVENUE FROM MEMBERSHIP DUES 1922 - 1931
Fees $1.50

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Receipts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1922</td>
<td>$1041.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>1923</td>
<td>1170.00</td>
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<td>1924</td>
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<td>1925</td>
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<td>1926</td>
<td>1185.50</td>
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<td>1927</td>
<td>1197.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>1931</td>
<td>1200.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$11705.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### TABLE V
REVENUE FROM TOURNAMENT ENTRY FEES 1922 - 1931
Fees $1.00

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Receipts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1922</td>
<td>$669.20</td>
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<tr>
<td>1923</td>
<td>714.00</td>
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<td>1924</td>
<td>807.00</td>
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<td>1925</td>
<td>830.00</td>
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<td>860.00</td>
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<td>1927</td>
<td>873.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1928</td>
<td>895.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1929</td>
<td>928.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1930</td>
<td>899.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1931</td>
<td>766.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$8239.20</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### TABLE VI

**REVENUE FROM REGISTRATION OF OFFICIALS 1922 - 1931**

Fee $1.50

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Receipts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1922</td>
<td>$ 570.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1923</td>
<td>1021.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1924</td>
<td>$58.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1925</td>
<td>752.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1926</td>
<td>715.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1927</td>
<td>781.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1928</td>
<td>698.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1929</td>
<td>788.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1930</td>
<td>792.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1931</td>
<td>2999.00*</td>
</tr>
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</table>

**Total** $9974.10

*Included Re-registration of Officials*

### TABLE VII

**REVENUE FROM SECTIONAL TOURNEYS 1922 - 1931**

Contracted per cent due

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Receipts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1922</td>
<td>$2111.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1923</td>
<td>4102.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1924</td>
<td>5348.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1925</td>
<td>2311.69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1926</td>
<td>2570.04</td>
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<td>1927</td>
<td>4321.41</td>
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<td>1928</td>
<td>3419.02</td>
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<td>1929</td>
<td>3381.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>1930</td>
<td>665.15*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1931</td>
<td>393.25*</td>
</tr>
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</table>

**Total** $28603.95

*Per cent due Association lowered*
# TABLE VIII

REVENUE FROM REGIONAL TOURNEYS 1922 - 1931
Percent of balance due

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Receipts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1922</td>
<td>$601.17</td>
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<tr>
<td>1923</td>
<td>2309.18</td>
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<td>1925</td>
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<td>6646.54</td>
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<td>1927</td>
<td>14825.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1928</td>
<td>16427.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1929</td>
<td>16885.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1930</td>
<td>16589.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1931</td>
<td>14380.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$96603.61</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

# TABLE IX

REVENUE FROM STATE TOURNEYS 1922 - 1931

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Receipts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1922</td>
<td>$4926.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1923</td>
<td>8478.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1924</td>
<td>8673.68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1925</td>
<td>7424.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1926</td>
<td>5198.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1927</td>
<td>5320.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1928</td>
<td>32240.96*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1929</td>
<td>31924.79*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1930</td>
<td>28444.24*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1931</td>
<td>39686.50*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$172318.92</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Gross Receipts
D. Summary

Sufficient provision has been made to provide funds with which to carry on and extend the program of the Association. Interest in well organized and efficiently managed athletic contests and state championships has contributed to the financial success of the Association. The ten sources of revenue, namely:--Membership Fees, Registration of Officials, Tourney Entry Fees, Sectional Tourney Receipts, Regional Tourney Receipts, State Tourney Receipts, Insurance Receipts, Sales of Securities Receipts, and Insurance Receipts, guarantee sources from which the treasury will always be amply supplied with funds.

Since 1922, the date of the Commissioner being placed as a full time officer, the finances have enjoyed a steady increase. The initiation of the tourney system in basketball greatly stimulated the growth of the finances. The lease of the Butler Field House with its 15,000 seats greatly increased the revenue from this source.

The finances of the Association are in a sound condition, being fully protected with insurance, and the Commissioner being under bond to the amount of the investments.
IV. APPENDIX

A. Bibliography

Handbook of Indiana High School Athletic Association 1904-1931 Inclusive. ¹

¹A complete set on file in office of Commissioner I. H. S. A. A., 812 Circle Tower, Indianapolis, Indiana.